# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AIR POLLUTION CONTROL TITLE V PERMIT

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

## THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Gulf South Pipeline Company LP, Petal Compressor Station
1382 Highway 11 North
Petal, Mississippi
Forrest County

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: October 28, 2013

Effective Date: As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Expires: September 30, 2018

Permit No.: 0800-00050

Modified: MAR 2 3 2015

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTION 1.	GENERAL CONDITIONS	3
SECTION 2.	EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES	13
SECTION 3.	EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS	15
SECTION 4.	COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE	24
SECTION 5.	MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	25
SECTION 6.	ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS	29
SECTION 7.	TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS	30
	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS PERMIT  40 CFR 82 - PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE	
APPENDIX (	C 40 CFR 63, SUBPART ZZZZ - NATIONAL EMISSIONS STANDAR FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FOR STATIONARY	DS
	RECIPROCATING INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES	
APPENDIX I	40 CFR 60, SUBPART JJJJ - NEW SOURECE PERFORMANCE	
	STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE FOR STATIONARY SPARK	
	IGNITION INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES	

### SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(a).)
- 1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(b).)
- 1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(c).)
- 1.4 (a) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
  - (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Federal Act become applicable to a major Title V source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended.
  - (2) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
  - (3) The Permit Board or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emission standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
  - (4) The Administrator or the Permit Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
  - (b) Proceedings to reopen and issue this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall only affect those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
  - (c) Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Title

V source by the DEQ at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Permit Board may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.G)

- 1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(e).)
- 1.6 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(d).)
- 1.7 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(5).)
- 1.8 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.)
  - (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).

- (b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D(2).)
- (c) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D.)
- (d) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.C.)
- 1.9 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(8).)
- 1.10 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.)
- 1.11 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
  - (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissionsrelated activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

- (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
- (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(2).)
- Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(1).)
- 1.13 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(2).)
- 1.14 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(1).)
- 1.15 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
  - (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
  - (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
  - (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
  - (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(2).)
- 1.16 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.H.)
- 1.17 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is

submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.C(2)., R. 6.4.B., and R. 6.2.A(1)(c).)

- 1.18 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:
  - (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
  - (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
  - (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:
    - (1) a brief description of the change(s),
    - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
    - (3) any change in emissions, and
    - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
  - (d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.F(1).)
- 1.19 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3., "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)
- 1.20 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2., "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6., "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or

change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:

- (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
- (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
- (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
- (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
  - (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166; or
  - (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166;
- (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
- (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source."
- 1.21 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.D(4).)
- 1.22 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.B(1).)
- 1.23 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and

ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.

- (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private air fields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.G.)
- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies.
  - (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
  - (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.
  - (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
    - (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
    - (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
    - (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to

- minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
- (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.G.)
- 1.25 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, shutdowns and maintenance.
  - (a) Upsets (as defined by 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.KK.)
    - (1) The occurrence of an upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit if the permittee demonstrates through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
      - (i) an upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
      - (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
      - (iii) during the upset the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;
      - (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the upset to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the upset began; and
      - (v) the notice of the upset shall contain a description of the upset, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
    - (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the

occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

- (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined by 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.HH. & R. 1.2.CC.)
  - (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emissions limitations applicable to normal operation apply during startups and shutdowns except as follows:
    - (i) when sudden, unavoidable breakdowns occur during a startup or shutdown, the event may be classified as an upset subject to the requirements above;
    - (ii) when a startup or shutdown is infrequent, the duration of excess emissions is brief in each event, and the design of the source is such that the period of excess emissions cannot be avoided without causing damage to equipment or persons; or
    - (iii) when the emissions standards applicable during a startup or shutdown are defined by other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit.
  - (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of any exception during a startup or shutdown has the burden of proof.
  - (3) In the event this startup and shutdown provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply.

#### (c) Maintenance.

- (1) Maintenance should be performed during planned shutdown or repair of process equipment such that excess emissions are avoided. Unavoidable maintenance that results in brief periods of excess emissions and that is necessary to prevent or minimize emergency conditions or equipment malfunctions constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards, or other regulatory requirements if the permittee can demonstrate the following:
  - (i) the permittee can identify the need for the maintenance;

- (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
- (iii) during the maintenance the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;
- (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the maintenance to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the maintenance began or such other times as allowed by DEQ; and
- (v) the notice shall contain a description of the maintenance, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of this section has the burden of proof.
- (3) In the event this maintenance provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)
- 1.26 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities

## SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description
AA-001	Waukesha 12VAT25GL, 2,587 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (HGS)
AA-002	Waukesha 12VAT25GL, 2,587 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (HGS)
AA-003	Waukesha 12VAT25GL, 2,587 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (HGS)
AA-004	1.5 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Glycol Reboiler No. 1 (HGS)
AA-005	1.5 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Glycol Reboiler No. 2 (HGS)
AA-006	0.5 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Glycol Reboiler No. 3 (HGS)
AA-007	1.3 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Glycol Reboiler No. 4 (HGS)
AA-008	Waukesha 7042GL, 1,478 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (HGS)
AA-014	Regenerator Still Vent No. 1 (HGS)
AA-015	Regenerator Still Vent No. 2 (HGS)
AA-016	Regenerator Still Vent No. 3 (HGS)
AA-017	Regenerator Still Vent No. 4 (HGS)
AA-018	John Deere 6076, 125 KW Diesel Fired Emergency Generator (HGS)
AB-001	Waukesha 8LAT27GL, 2,087 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (PGS)
AB-002	Waukesha 8LAT27GL, 2,087 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (PGS)
AB-003	Waukesha 8LAT27GL, 2,087 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (PGS)
AB-004	Waukesha 8LAT27GL, 2,087 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (PGS)
AB-005	Waukesha 8LAT27GL, 2,087 HP Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engine (PGS)
AB-006	1.7 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal I Line Heater (PGS)
AB-007	1.4 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal II Glycol Reboiler (PGS)
AB-008	215 KW Natural Gas Fired Petal I Emergency Generator (PGS)
AB-009	3.0 MMBTUH Emergency Flare (PGS)
AB-010	1.5 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal I Glycol Reboiler (PGS)
AB-011	15 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal II Line Heater (PGS)

# **Page 14 of** 31 **Permit No.** 0800-00050

Emission Point	Description
AB-012	15 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal II Line Heater (PGS)
AB-013	300 KW Natural Gas Fired Petal II Emergency Generator (PGS)
AB-015	Regenerator Still Vent No. 1 (PGS)
AB-016	Regenerator Still Vent No. 2 (PGS)
AB-017	Regenerator Still Vent No. 3 (PGS)
AB-018	12.5 KW (16.8 HP) Natural Gas Fired Generator at Natural Gas Cavern No. 3 (PGS)
AB-019	1.8 MMBTUH Natural Gas Fired Petal III Glycol Reboiler No. 3 (PGS)
AB-020	1,000 KW Natural Gas Fired Emergency Petal III Generator (PGS)
AB-021	55 MMBTU/hr Natural Gas Fired Hot Oil Heater (PGS)
AB-022	55 MMBTU/hr Natural Gas Fired Hot Oil Heater (PGS)
AB-023	32 KW Propane Fired Emergency Generator at Cavern No. 8
AB-024	30 KW Propane Fired Emergency Generator for Communications Building
AB-025	25 KW Propane Fired Emergency Generator for Cavern 12A

### SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

### A. Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards

- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
  - (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
  - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)
- 3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Paragraph 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

### B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-011, AB-012, AB-021, & AB-022	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(b)	3.B.1	PM	$E=0.8808*\Gamma^{0.1667}$ or as otherwise limited by facility modification restrictions
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1)	3.B.3	SO <sub>2</sub>	4.8 lbs/MMBTU or as otherwise limited by facility modification restrictions

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-004 thru AA-007, AA-018, AB-006 thru AB-010, AB-013, AB-018 thru AB-020, AB-023, AB-024, & AB-025	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(a)	3.B.2	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTUH or as otherwise limited by facility modification restrictions
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1)	3.B.3	SO <sub>2</sub>	4.8 lbs/MMBTU or as otherwise limited by facility modification restrictions
AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003	Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein	3.B.4	NOx	10.38 lbs/hr from each emission unit
		3.B.6	СО	12.83 lbs/hr from each emission unit
AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004, and AB-005	Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein	3.B.5	NOx	109.3 tons/year combined
	Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein	3.B.7	СО	184.9 tons/year combined
AA-008	Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein	3.B.8	NOx	5.93 lbs/hr
		3.B.9	CO	7.33 lbs/hr

3.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-011, AB-012, AB-021 & AB-022, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter for each emission point shall not exceed an emission rate as determined by the relationship:

$$E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour heat input and I is the heat input in millions of BTU per hour. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(b))

3.B.2 For Emission Points AA-004 thru AA-007, AA-018, AB-006 thru AB-010, AB-013, AB-018 thru AB-020, AB-023, AB-024, and AB-025, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(a))

- 3.B.3 For Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-008, AA-018, AB-001 thru AB-013, AB-018 thru AB-025, the maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1))
- 3.B.4 For Emission Point AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of 10.38 lb/hr as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004, and AB-005, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of 109.3 tons/year as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.6 For Emission Point AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain carbon monoxide in excess of 12.83 lb/hr as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.7 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004, and AB-005, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain carbon monoxide in excess of 184.9 tons/year as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.8 For Emission Point AA-008, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of 5.93 lb/hr as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.9 For Emission Point AA-008, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain carbon monoxide in excess of 7.33 lb/hr as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.10 For Emission Points AB-001 thru AB-005, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of 5.11 lb/hr as determined

- by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.11 For Emission Points AB-001 thru AB-005, the permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain carbon monoxide in excess of 10.35 lb/hr as determined by EPA Reference Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. (Ref.: Federally Enforceable Requirement established in the Title V Modification issued April 02, 2008 and renewed herein)
- 3.B.12 Beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, and AB-001 thru AB-005, the permittee must comply with the applicable requirements in Item 8 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ, including:
  - (a) Change oil and filter every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first:
  - (b) Inspect spark plugs every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and
  - (c) Inspect all hoses and belts every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. [40 CFR 63.6603(a) and Item 8 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ]
  - Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in 40 CFR 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of Subpart ZZZZ.
- 3.B.13 Beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, and AB-001 thru AB-005, each unit qualifies as an existing non-emergency SI 4SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 HP located at area sources of HAP and will meet the definition of remote stationary RICE in 40 CFR 63.6675 on the initial compliance date, which is October 19, 2013.
- 3.B.14 Beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must comply with the applicable requirements in Item 5 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ, including:
  - (a) Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;
  - (b) Inspect spark plugs every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and
  - (c) Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. [40 CFR 63.6603(a) and Item 5 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ]

Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in 40 CFR 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of Subpart ZZZZ. If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in

Table 2d of this subpart, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

- 3.B.15 For Emission Point AA-018, the permittee must comply with the applicable requirements in Item 4 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ, including:
  - (a) Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;
  - (b) Inspect spark plugs every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and
  - (c) Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. [40 CFR 63.6603(a) and Item 4 to Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ]

Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in 40 CFR 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of Subpart ZZZZ. If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2d of this subpart, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

- 3.B.16 Beginning January 1, 2015, for Emission Point AA-018, if the unit operates for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or if the unit operates for the purpose specified in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements in 40 CFR 80.510(b) for nonroad diesel fuel, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to January 1, 2015, may be used until depleted.
- 3.B.17 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in this subpart that apply to you at all times. At all times you must operate and maintain the affected sources, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require

you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. (40 CFR 63.6605(a)and(b)

- 3.B.18 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must comply with the operating limitations and must monitor and collect data according to this section. Except for monitor malfunctions, associated repairs, required performance evaluations, and required quality assurance or control activities, you must monitor continuously at all times that the stationary RICE is operating. A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. You may not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities in data averages and calculations used to report emission or operating levels. You must, however, use all the valid data collected during all other periods. (40 CFR 63.6635(a)-(c))
- 3.B.19 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. (40 CFR 63.6625(e)(3))
- 3.B.20 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of 40 CFR 63.6640. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under Subpart ZZZZ, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of 40 CFR 63.6640, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of 40 CFR 63.6640, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.
  - (2) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (f)(2)(i) through (iii) of 40 CFR 63.6640 for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs (f)(3) and (4) of 40 CFR 63.6640 counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph, 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2).

- (i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (ii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see § 63.14), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3.
- (iii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of 5 percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency.
- (3) Emergency stationary RICE located at major sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (f)(2) of 40 CFR 63.6640. The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to supply power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
- (4) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (f)(2) of 40 CFR 63.6640. Except as provided in paragraphs (f)(4)(i) and (ii) of 40 CFR 63.6640, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
  - (i) Prior to May 3, 2014, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response to generate income for a facility, or to otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if the engine is operated as part of a peak shaving (load management program) with the local distribution system operator

and the power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local distribution system.

- (ii) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator.
  - (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
  - (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
  - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
  - (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator. (40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1)-(4))
- 3.B.21 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee shall comply with all applicable general provisions identified in Table 8 to Subpart ZZZZ. (40 CFR 63.6665 and Table 8 to Subpart ZZZZ)
- 3.B.22 For Emission Point AB-025, the permittee must comply with the emission standards in 40 CFR 60.4231(c). (40 CFR 60.4233(c))
- 3.B.23 For Emission Point AB-025, the permittee must comply with the emission standards specified in 40 CFR 60.4233(a), you must comply by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in 40 CFR 60.4231(a) through (c), as applicable, for the same engine class and maximum engine power. In addition, you must meet one of the requirements specified in (a)(1) and (2) of 40 CFR 60.4243.
  - (1) If you operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, you must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator. You must also meet the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 1068, subparts A

through D, as they apply to you. If you adjust engine settings according to and consistent with the manufacturer's instructions, your stationary SI internal combustion engine will not be considered out of compliance.

- (2) If you do not operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, your engine will be considered a non-certified engine, and you must demonstrate compliance according to (a)(2)(i) through (iii) of 40 CFR 60.4243, as appropriate.
  - (i) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine less than 100 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator. (40 CFR 60.4243(a)(1) and (2)(i))

### C. <u>Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards</u>

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.C.1	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).	3.C.2	$\mathrm{SO}_2$	4.8 lbs/MMBTU

- 3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)
- 3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

There are no other requirements applicable to the insignificant activities listed in the source's Title V permit application.

### SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
  - (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
  - (b) the compliance status;
  - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
  - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
  - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(5)(a), (c), & (d).)

# SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. <u>General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements</u>
- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.
- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:
  - (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
  - (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
  - (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
  - (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
  - (e) the results of such analyses; and
  - (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)
- 5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)
- 5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)
- 5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) days of the time the deviation began. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

- 5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.
- 5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.
- B. Specific Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements
- 5.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004 and AB-005, the permittee shall keep records of the monthly hours of operation of each unit, and the 12-month rolling total of all these units.
- 5.B.2 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall conduct annual performance tests on one engine to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO lb/hr limitations. The tests shall be done using a portable analyzer for NOx and CO in accordance with ASTM D6522-00, or as an option the permittee may use EPA Reference Methods 7 and 10 or other approved equivalents. The NOx and CO testing shall be performed simultaneously and while the engine is operating at peak load condition. The permittee shall conduct an annual performance test on one engine. Each engine shall be tested on a rotating annual basis. The performance test shall be conducted by December 31 of each calendar year. If the scheduled unit is not operating during the scheduled performance test, the permittee can request MDEQ to specify another similar unit for performance testing.

The permittee shall submit a test protocol at least thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable to the DEQ. The DEQ must be notified at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled test date so that an observer may be scheduled to witness the test(s). After the first successful submittal of a written test protocol for the portable analyzers, the permittee may request that the resubmittal of testing protocol be waived for subsequent testing by certifying in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to subsequent testing that all conditions for testing remain unchanged such that the original protocol can and will be followed.

5.B.3 For Emission Point AA-008, the permittee shall conduct annual performance tests on the engine to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO lb/hr limitations. The tests shall be done using a portable analyzer for NOx and CO in accordance with ASTM D6522-00, or as an option the permittee may use EPA Reference Methods 7 and 10 or other approved equivalents. The NOx and CO testing shall be performed simultaneously and while the engine is operating at peak load condition. The performance test shall be conducted by December 31 of each calendar year.

The permittee shall submit a test protocol at least thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable to the DEQ. The DEQ must be notified at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled test date so that an observer may be scheduled to witness the test(s). After the first successful submittal of a written test protocol for the portable analyzers, the permittee may request that the resubmittal of testing protocol be waived for subsequent testing by certifying in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to subsequent testing that all conditions for testing remain unchanged such that the original protocol can and will be followed.

5.B.4 For Emissions Points AB-001 thru AB-005, the permittee shall conduct annual performance tests on one engine to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO lb/hr limitations. The tests shall be done using a portable analyzer for NOx and CO in accordance with ASTM D6522-00, or as an option the permittee may use EPA Reference Methods 7 and 10 or other approved equivalents. The NOx and CO testing shall be performed simultaneously and while the engine is operating at peak load condition. The permittee shall conduct an annual performance test on one engine. Each engine shall be tested on a rotating annual basis. The performance test shall be conducted by December 31 of each calendar year. If the scheduled unit is not operating during the scheduled performance test, the permittee can request MDEQ to specify another similar unit for performance testing.

The permittee shall submit a test protocol at least thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable to the DEQ. The DEQ must be notified at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled test date so that an observer may be scheduled to witness the test(s). After the first successful submittal of a written test protocol for the portable analyzers, the permittee may request that the resubmittal of testing protocol be waived for subsequent testing by certifying in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to subsequent testing that all conditions for testing remain unchanged such that the original protocol can and will be followed.

- 5.B.5 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004 and AB-005, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO tons/year limitations by the following calculations:
  - TPY of NOx = 10.38 \* (hours of operation of AA-001, AA-002 & AA-003) + 5.93 \* (hours of operation of AA-008) + 5.11 \* (hours of operation of AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004 & AB-005)
  - TPY of CO = 12.83 \* (hours of operation of AA-001, AA-002 & AA-003) + 7.33 \* (hours of operation of AA-008) + 10.35 \* (hours of operation of AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004 & AB-005)
- 5.B.6 Beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, and AB 001 thru AB-005, the permittee must evaluate the status of each stationary RICE every 12 months and keep records of the initial and annual evaluation of the status of each engine. If the evaluation indicates that the stationary RICE no longer meets the definition of remote

stationary RICE in 40 CFR 63.6675 of Subpart ZZZZ, the permittee must comply with all of the requirements for existing non-emergency SI 4SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 HP located at area sources of HAP that are not remote stationary RICE within 1 year of the evaluation. (40 CFR 63.6603(f))

- 5.B.7 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan. (40 CFR 63.6655(e)(2) and (3))
- 5.B.8 For Emission Point AA-018, and beginning October 19, 2013, for Emission Points AA-001 thru AA-003, AA-008, AB-001 thru AB-005, AB-008, AB-013, AB-018, and AB-024, the permittee must keep records in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). You must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. You must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). (40 CFR 63.6660(1)-(3))

### C. Specific Reporting Requirements

- 5.C.1 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, AA-003, AA-008, AB-001, AB-002, AB-003, AB-004 and AB-005, the permittee shall submit semiannual reports showing the monthly hours of operation for each piece of air emission equipment for the previous 12-month period.
- 5.C.2 The permittee shall submit the written reports of all required stack testing results and all portable analyzer results within thirty (30) days of the date the test is performed.

## SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

None permitted.

### SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <a href="http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov">http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov</a> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
  - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
  - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
  - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
  - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
  - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, persons

selling class I or class II refrigerants or offering class I or class II refrigerants for sale, and persons purchasing class I or class II refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H Halon Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
  - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
  - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
  - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

#### 1

### **List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit**

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1. Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control

of Air Contaminants

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air

**Emissions Equipment** 

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 4. Ambient Air Quality Standards

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air

Quality

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title

V of the Federal Clean Air Act

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7. Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of the

Federal Clean Air Act

BACT Best Available Control Technology CEM Continuous Emission Monitor

CEMS Continuous Emission Monitoring System

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon Monoxide

COM Continuous Opacity Monitor

COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System

DEQ Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

gr/dscf Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot

HP Horsepower

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant

lbs/hr Pounds per Hour

M or K Thousand

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology

MM Million

MMBTUH Million British Thermal Units per Hour

NA Not Applicable

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP National Emissions Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR 61

or

National Emission Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR 63

NMVOC Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds

NO<sub>x</sub> Nitrogen Oxides

NSPS New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PM Particulate Matter

PM $_{10}$  Particulate Matter less than 10  $\mu$ m in diameter

ppm Parts per Million

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52

SIP State Implementation Plan

SO<sub>2</sub> Sulfur Dioxide TPY Tons per Year TRS Total Reduced Sulfur

VEE Visible Emissions Evaluation
VHAP Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC Volatile Organic Compound

# **APPENDIX B**

## 40 CFR 82

### PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE

## **APPENDIX C**

40 CFR 63, SUBPART ZZZZ

NATIONAL EMISSIONS STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FOR STATIONARY RECIPROCATING INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

# **APPENDIX D**

40 CFR 60, SUBPART JJJJ

NEW SOURECE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE FOR STATIONARY SPARK IGNITION INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES