## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI **AIR POLLUTION CONTROL** TITLE V PERMIT

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

## THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Southern Natural Gas Company LLC Muldon Storage Facility 10156 Old Magnolia Highway Prairie, Monroe County, Mississippi

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: June 15, 2020

**Effective Date:** As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

**Expires: May 31, 2025** Permit No.: 1840-00039

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTION 1.	GENERAL CONDITIONS	3
SECTION 2.	EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES	14
SECTION 3.	EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS	16
SECTION 5.	MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	25
SECTION 6.	ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS	31
SECTION 7.	TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS	32
APPENDIX A	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS PERMIT	
APPENDIX B	LIST OF REGULATIONS REFERENCED IN THIS PERMIT	

#### SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(a).)

1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(b).)

1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(c).)

- 1.4 Prior to its expiration, this permit may be reopened in accordance with the provisions listed below.
  - (a) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
    - (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Federal Act become applicable to a major Title V source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended.
    - (2) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
    - (3) The Permit Board or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emission standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

- (4) The Administrator or the Permit Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (b) Proceedings to reopen and issue this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall only affect those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (c) Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Title V source by the DEQ at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Permit Board may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.G.)

1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(e).)

1.6 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(d).)

1.7 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(5).)

- 1.8 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.
  - (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions

measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).)

(b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).)

(c) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D(2).)

(d) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D.)

(e) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.C.)

1.9 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(8).)

1.10 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.)

- 1.11 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
  - (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissionsrelated activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
  - (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(2).)

1.12 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(1).)

1.13 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(2).)

1.14 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(1).)

- 1.15 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
  - (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
  - (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
  - (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
  - (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(2).)

1.16 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.H.)

1.17 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.C(2)., R. 6.4.B., and R. 6.2.A(1)(c).)

1.18 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:

- (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
- (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
- (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:
  - (1) a brief description of the change(s),
  - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
  - (3) any change in emissions, and
  - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
- (d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change.

### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.F(1).)

1.19 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3., "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)

1.20 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2., "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6., "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:

- (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
- (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
- (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
- (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
  - (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51, Subpart I, or 40 CFR 51.166; or
  - (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I, or 40 CFR 51.166;
- (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
- (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.C(15).)

1.21 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.D(4).)

1.22 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.B(1).)

1.23 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest

management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.

- (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private air fields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.G.)

- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies:
  - (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
  - (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.
  - (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
    - (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;

- (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
- (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
- (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.G.)

- 1.25 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, and shutdowns.
  - (a) Upsets (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
    - (1) For an upset, the Commission may pursue an enforcement action for noncompliance with an emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit. In determining whether to pursue enforcement action, and/or the appropriate enforcement action to take, the Commission may consider whether the source has demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence the following:
      - (i) An upset occurred and that the source can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
      - (ii) The source was at the time being properly operated;
      - (iii) During the upset the source took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit;
      - (iv) That within 5 working days of the time the upset began, the source submitted a written report to the Department describing the upset, the steps taken to mitigate excess emissions or any other

noncompliance, and the corrective actions taken and;

- (v) That as soon as practicable but no later than 24 hours of becoming aware of an upset that caused an immediate adverse impact to human health or the environment beyond the source boundary or caused a general nuisance to the public, the source provided notification to the Department.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding by the Commission, the source seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
- (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (4) These upset provisions apply only to enforcement actions by the Commission and are not intended to prohibit EPA or third party enforcement actions.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
  - (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emission limitations apply during startups and shutdowns unless source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns are defined by an applicable rule, regulation, or permit.
  - (2) Where the source is unable to comply with existing emission limitations established under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and defined in this regulation, 11 Mississippi Administrative Code, Part 2, Chapter 1, the Department will consider establishing source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns. Source specific emission limitations or work practice standards established for startups and shutdowns are subject to the requirements prescribed in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.B(2)(a) through (e).
  - (3) Where an upset as defined in Rule 1.2 occurs during startup or shutdown, see the upset requirements above.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)

1.26 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8.)

## SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description				
AA-001	7,250 Horsepower (HP) (50.80 MMBTU/hr) Clark two stroke lean burn (2SLB) natural gas-fired spark ignition (SI) compressor engine (Model No. TCVD-16, Facility Ref. no. 001C-001)				
AA-002	7,250 HP (50.80 MMBTU/hr) Clark 2SLB natural gas-fired SI compressor engine (Model No. TCVD-16, Facility Ref. no. 001C-002)				
AA-003	7,250 HP (50.80 MMBTU/hr) Clark 2SLB natural gas-fired SI compressor engine (Model No. TCVD-16, Facility Ref. no. 001C-003)				
AA-004	930 HP (6.5 MMBTU/hr) Caterpillar natural gas-fired four stroke rich burn (4SRB) SI emergency backup power generator engine (Model No. G-399, Facility Ref. no. 005G-001)				
AA-005	930 HP (6.5 MMBTU/hr) Caterpillar natural gas-fired 4SRB SI emergency backup power generator engine (Model No. G-399, Facility Ref. no. 005G-002)				
AA-007	1.5 MMBTU/hr Cleaver Brooks natural gas-fired boiler (Facility Ref. no. 005B-001)				
AA-008	7.38 MMBTU/hr National natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-001)				
AA-009	7.38 MMBTU/hr National natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-002)				
AA-010	7.38 MMBTU/hr National natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-003)				
AA-011	15.38 MMBTU/hr National natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-004)				
AA-012	15.38 MMBTU/hr National natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-005)				
AA-013	15.29 MMBTU/hr Smalling natural gas-fired withdrawal heater (Model No. B-22416, Facility Ref. no. 002H-006)				
AA-014	15.0 MMBTU/hr Natco natural gas-fired regeneration heater (Facility Ref. no. 002H-007)				
AA-015	15.0 MMBTU/hr Natco natural gas-fired regeneration heater (Model No H200, Facility Ref. no. 002H-008)				

Page 15 of 33 Air Operating Permit No. **1840-00039** 

Emission Point	Description
AA-016	21.76 MMBTU/hr Natco natural gas-fired regeneration heater (Facility Ref. no. 002H-009)
AA-017	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-019)
AA-018	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-020)
AA-019	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-021)
AA-020	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-022)
AA-021	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-023)
AA-022	16,800 gallon natural gas condensate fixed roof storage tank (Facility Ref. no. 003T-024)
AA-023	11.3 MMBTU/hr Silvalls natural gas-fired withdrawal heater

#### SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

- A. <u>Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards</u>
- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
  - (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
  - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)

3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Condition 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

## B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-001 through AA-003, AA-011 through AA-016, and AA-023	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(b)	3.B.1	PM	E=0.8808*I <sup>-0.1667</sup>
AA-004 through AA-010	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(a)	3.B.2	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1)	3.B.3	SO <sub>2</sub>	4.8 lbs/MMBTU
AA-001 through AA-016 and AA-023	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).	3.B.4	Operating Restriction	Operational Requirement
AA-001 through AA-005	NESHAP for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE), 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ 40 CFR 63.6580, Subpart ZZZZ; 40 CFR 63.6585(a)-(b), Subpart ZZZZ; and 40 CFR 63.6590(b)(3)(i) and (iii), Subpart ZZZZ	3.B.5	HAPs	Applicability
AA-004	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).	3.B.6	Operating Restriction	Operational Requirement
and AA-005	40 CFR 63.6640(f), Subpart ZZZZ; 40 CFR 63.6675, Subpart ZZZZ; and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).	3.B.7	Operating Restriction	Operational Requirements
AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023	NESHAP for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD  40 CFR Part 63.7480, Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7485, Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7490(a)(1) and (2), (b), and (d), Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7499(l), Subpart DDDDD; and 40 CFR Part 63.7500(a)(1), Subpart DDDDD	3.B.8	НАР	Applicability
	40 CFR Part 63.7500(a)(3)	3.B.9	HAP	Operating Requirements

3.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-003, AA-011 through AA-016, and AA-023, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter shall not exceed an emission rate as determined by the relationship:

$$E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour heat input and I is the heat input in millions of BTU per hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(b))

3.B.2 For Emission Points AA-004 through AA-010, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3. D(1)(a))

3.B.3 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1))

3.B.4 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall combust pipeline quality natural gas only.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-005, the permittee is subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE), 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ.

Emission Points AA-001 through AA-003 are existing spark ignition 2 stroke lean burn (2SLB) stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, and as such do not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ or the General Provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, including initial notification requirements.

Emission Points AA-004 and AA-005 are existing emergency spark ignition 4 stroke rich burn (4SRB) stationary RICE each with a site rating greater than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions and as such do not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ or the General Provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, including initial notification requirements. However, the engines do have to meet the emergency

operational requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ to be considered emergency engines under the subpart.

(Ref.: 40 CFR Part 63.6580, 63.6585(a) and (b), 63.6590(b)(3)(i) and (iii), Subpart ZZZZ)

3.B.6 For Emission Points AA-004 and AA-005, the permittee shall install and operate a non-resettable hour meter on the emergency engine.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

- 3.B.7 For Emission Points AA-004 and AA-005, the permittee shall operate the emergency stationary engine according to the requirements cited below. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary engine, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described below, is prohibited. If the engine is not operated according to these requirements, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under Subpart ZZZZ and shall meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - (a) There is no time limit on the use of the emergency engine in emergency situations.
  - (b) The engine may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The permittee may petition DEQ for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the permittee maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of engine beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
  - (c) The engine may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing.

(Ref.: 40 CFR Part 63.6640(f) and 63.6675, Subpart ZZZZ and Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

3.B.8 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee is subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD.

Emission Point AA-007 is a boiler with a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 MMBTU/hr. Emission Points AA-008 through AA-010 are process heaters, each with a heat input capacity greater than 5 MMBTU/hr and less than 10 MMBTU/hr. Emission

Points AA-011 through AA-016 and AA-023 are process heaters, each with a heat input capacity greater than 10 MMBTU/hr.

Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023 are boilers or process heaters in the "units designed to burn gas 1 fuel" subcategory, and as such, are only required to comply with the work practice standards in Condition 3.D.1. These units are permitted to combust only natural gas, except during periods of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption as defined by 40 CFR 63.7575.

(Ref: 40 CFR Part 63.7480, 63.7485, 63.7490(a)(1) and (2), (b), and (d), 63.7499(l), and 63.7500(a)(1), Subpart DDDDD)

3.B.9 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall, at all times, operate and maintain the boiler or process heater, including any monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safe and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.

(Ref.: 40 CFR Part 63.7500(a)(3), Subpart DDDDD)

## C. <u>Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards</u>

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.C.1	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).	3.C.2	$SO_2$	4.8 lbs/MMBTU

3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)

3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

There are no other requirements applicable to the insignificant activities listed in the source's Title V permit application.

#### D. Work Practice Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-017	40 CFR Part 63.7500(a)(1) and (e), Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7510(e), Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7515(d), Subpart DDDDD; 40 CFR Part 63.7540(a)(10)(i)-(vi), (11), and (12), Subpart DDDDD; and Items 1, 2, and 3 of Table 3 of Subpart DDDDD	3.D.1	НАР	Perform Annual, Biennial, or Tune-ups every 5 years

3.D.1 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall complete tune-ups according to the following schedule.

For Emission Points AA-011 through AA-016 and AA-023, a tune-up shall be conducted annually beginning from the date of the initial tune-up. Each subsequent tune-up shall be completed no more than 13 months after the previous one.

For Emission Points AA-008 through AA-010, a tune-up shall be conducted every two years beginning from the date of the initial tune-up. Each subsequent tune-up shall be completed no more than 25 months after the previous one.

For Emission Point AA-007, a tune-up shall be conducted every five years beginning from the date of the initial tune-up. Each subsequent tune-up shall be completed no more than 61 months after the previous one.

If the unit is not operating on the required date of the tune-up, the tune-up shall be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup. The tune-up on the unit shall be completed in accordance with (a) through (f) below:

- (a) As applicable, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any components of the burner as necessary (the burner inspection may be delayed until the next scheduled unit shutdown). Units that produce electricity for sale may delay the burner inspection until the first outage, not to exceed 36 months from the previous inspection. At units where entry into a piece of process equipment or into a storage vessel is required to complete the tune-up inspections, inspections are required only during planned entries into the storage vessel or process equipment;
- (b) Inspect the flame pattern, as applicable, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern. The adjustment should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available;

- (c) Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, as applicable, and ensure that it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly (the inspection may be delayed until the next scheduled unit shutdown);
- (d) Optimize total emissions of CO. This optimization should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available, and with any NOx requirement to which the unit is subject;
- (e) Measure the concentrations in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million, by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, before and after the adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer; and
- (f) Maintain on-site and submit, if requested by DEQ, an report containing the following information:
  - (1) The concentrations of CO in the effluent stream in parts per million by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, measured at high fire or typical operating load, before and after the tune-up;
  - (2) A description of any corrective actions taken as a part of the tune-up; and
  - (3) The type and amount of fuel used over the 12 months prior to the tune-up, but only if the unit was physically and legally capable of using more than one type of fuel during that period. Units sharing a fuel meter may estimate the fuel use by each unit.

(Ref.: 40 CFR Part 63.7500(a)(1) and (e), 40 CFR Part 63.7510(e) and (f), 40 CFR Part 63.7515(d), 40 CFR Part 63.7540(a)(10)(i)-(vi), (11) and (12), and Items 1, 2, and 3 of Table 3 of Subpart DDDDD)

## SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
  - (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
  - (b) the compliance status;
  - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
  - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
  - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(5)(a), (c), & (d).)

# SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:
  - (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
  - (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
  - (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
  - (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
  - (e) the results of such analyses; and
  - (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)

5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)

5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.

## (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) days of the time the deviation began.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

## B. Specific Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant / Parameter Monitored	Monitoring / Recordkeeping Requirement
AA-001 through AA-016 and AA-023	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)(2).	5.B.1	Fuel	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
AA-004 and AA-005	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)(2).	5.B.2	Operations	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
AA-007 through	40 CFR 63.7555(a)(1), Subpart DDDDD	5.B.3	Notifications & Reports	Recordkeeping
and AA-023	40 CFR 63.7560, Subpart DDDDD	5.B.4	Notifications & Reports	Recordkeeping

5.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-016, and AA-023, the permittee shall perform recordkeeping sufficient to document the type, quantity, and quality (heating value (BTU/ft3) and sulfur content) of fuel combusted. The permittee shall use the gas quality characteristics in a current valid purchase contract, tariff sheet, or transportation contract for verification. The records shall be kept on-site and made available for DEQ personnel upon request.

(Ref: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

5.B.2 For Emission Points AA-004 and AA-005, the permittee shall monitor and record the hours of operation of the engine using the non-resettable hour meter required in Condition 3.B.6. These records shall indicate how many hours are spent in emergency operation, including what classified the operation as an emergency, and how many hours are spent in non-emergency operation. Records should also include any time spent operating for the purposes identified in Condition 3.B.7(b) and (c), and should contain an explanation of the emergency situation and date of engine operation for this purpose.

(Ref: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

5.B.3 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall keep a copy of each notification and report submitted to comply with 40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.7555(a)(1), Subpart DDDDD)

5.B.4 For Emission Points AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall keep 5183 PER20180001

records in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review. Records shall be kept for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. Records shall be kept on site, or they shall be accessible from onsite (for example, through a computer network), for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). Records may be kept off site for the remaining 3 years.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.7560, Subpart DDDDD)

## C. Specific Reporting Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/ Parameter Monitored	Reporting Requirement
AA-001 through AA-016 and AA-023	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).	5.C.1	Fuel	Submit semiannual reports
AA-004 and AA-005	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).	5.C.2	Hours	Submit semiannual reports
AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023	40 CFR 63.7550(b) and (c)(5)(i)-(iv) and (xiv), Subpart DDDDD	5.C.3	Tune Ups	Submit biennial reports

5.C.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-016, and AA-023, the permittee shall submit fuel usage reports summarizing the type and the quantity of fuel used in accordance with Condition 5.A.4.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

5.C.2 For Emission Points AA-004 and AA-005, the permittee shall submit a summary report of the hours of operation that includes all the information required by Condition 5.B.2 in accordance with Condition 5.A.4.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

- 5.C.3 For Emission Point AA-007 through AA-016 and AA-023, the permittee shall submit the annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance reports, covering the applicable one (1), two (2), or 5-year period from January 1 to December 31. Each subsequent compliance report shall be postmarked or submitted no later than January 31 and each annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance report shall contain the following information:
  - (a) Company and Facility name and address.
  - (b) Process unit information, emissions limitations, and operating parameter limitations.
  - (c) Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
  - (d) The total operating time during the reporting period.

- (e) Include the date of the most recent tune-up subject to the requirement to conduct an annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up according to Condition 3.D.1. Include the date of the most recent burner inspection if it was not done annually, biennially or on a 5-year period and was delayed until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown.
- (f) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.7550(b) and (c)(5)(i)-(iv), (xiv), and (xvii), Subpart DDDDD)

## SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

None permitted.

## SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <a href="http://www.ecfr.gov/">http://www.ecfr.gov/</a> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E

   The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
  - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
  - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
  - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
  - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
  - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, as well

as persons selling, offering for sale, and/or purchasing class I, class II, or non-exempt substitute refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H Halon Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
  - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
  - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
  - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

## **APPENDIX A**

## **List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit**

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1. Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and

Control of Air Contaminants

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air

**Emissions Equipment** 

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 4. Ambient Air Quality Standards

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air

Quality

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of

Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7. Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of

the Federal Clean Air Act

BACT Best Available Control Technology CEM Continuous Emission Monitor

CEMS Continuous Emission Monitoring System

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon Monoxide

COM Continuous Opacity Monitor

COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System

DEQ Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

gr/dscf Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot

HP Horsepower

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant lbs/hr Pounds per Hour Thousand

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology

MM Million

MMBTUH Million British Thermal Units per Hour

NA Not Applicable

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR

61 or National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for

Source Categories, 40 CFR 63

NMVOC Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds

NO<sub>x</sub> Nitrogen Oxides

NSPS New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PM Particulate Matter

 $PM_{10}$  Particulate Matter less than 10 µm in diameter

ppm Parts per Million

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52

SIP State Implementation Plan

SO2Sulfur DioxideTPYTons per YearTRSTotal Reduced SulfurVEEVisible Emissions Evaluation

VHAP Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC Volatile Organic Compound

## **APPENDIX B**

#### LIST OF REGULATIONS REFERENCED IN PERMIT

The full text of the regulations referenced in this permit may be found on-line at http://www.deq.state.us.us and <a href="http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov">http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov</a>, or the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) will provide a copy upon request. A list of regulations referenced in this permit is shown below:

- 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1, Mississippi Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control of Air Contaminants (Amended December 14, 2011)
- 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6, Mississippi Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purpose of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (Amended December 14, 2011)
- 40 CFR Part 82 Title VI of the Clean Air Act (Stratospheric Ozone Protection)
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A General Provisions
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters