

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL
TITLE V PERMIT**

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Baymont Inc
30 Red Bay Road
Golden, Mississippi
Tishomingo County

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: MAR 05 2013

Effective Date: As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD



AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Expires FEB 28 2018

Permit No.: 2640-00052

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APPENDIX A LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS PERMIT

OTHER IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS:

**40 CFR 63, SUBPART WWWW – NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR
HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FROM REINFORCED PLASTIC COMPOSITES
PRODUCTION**

40 CFR 63, SUBPART A – GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.6.a.)
- 1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.6.b.)
- 1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.6.c.)
- 1.4 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.6.d.)
- 1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.6.e.)
- 1.6 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.5.)
- 1.7 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation APC-S-6.
 - (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual

emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgements where such judgements are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section VI.A.2.)

- (b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section VI.A.2.) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section VI.D.2.)
 - (c) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section VI.D.)
 - (d) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section VI.C.)
- 1.8 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.8.)
- 1.9 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section II.E.)

- 1.10 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
- (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
 - (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.C.2.)
- 1.11 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 3.9(a))
- 1.12 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 3.9(b))
- 1.13 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.F.1.)
- 1.14 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
 - (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
 - (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
 - (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the

Federal Act. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.F.2.)

- 1.15 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.H.)
- 1.16 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section IV.C.2., Section IV.B., and Section II.A.1.c.)
- 1.17 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:
- (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
 - (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
 - (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:
 - (1) a brief description of the change(s),
 - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
 - (3) any change in emissions, and
 - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section IV.F.)
- 1.18 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in Regulation APC-S-3, "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared. (Ref.: APC-S-3)

- 1.19 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations APC-S-2, "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations APC-S-6, "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:
- (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
 - (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
 - (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
 - (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
 - (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166; or
 - (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166;
 - (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
 - (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source."
- 1.20 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section IV.D.4.)
- 1.21 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the

Federal Act as well as the Commission. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.B.1)

- 1.22 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.
- (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
 - (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.
 - (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private air fields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 3.7)
- 1.23 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies.
- (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
 - (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.
 - (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:

- (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
 - (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.G.)

1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, shutdowns and maintenance.

- (a) Upsets (as defined by APC-S-1, Section 2.34)
- (1) The occurrence of an upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit if the permittee demonstrates through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
 - (i) an upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
 - (iii) during the upset the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;
 - (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the upset to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the upset began; and
 - (v) the notice of the upset shall contain a description of the upset, any steps

taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

- (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
 - (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined by APC-S-1, Sections 2.31 & 2.26)
- (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emissions limitations applicable to normal operation apply during startups and shutdowns except as follows:
 - (i) when sudden, unavoidable breakdowns occur during a startup or shutdown, the event may be classified as an upset subject to the requirements above;
 - (ii) when a startup or shutdown is infrequent, the duration of excess emissions is brief in each event, and the design of the source is such that the period of excess emissions cannot be avoided without causing damage to equipment or persons; or
 - (iii) when the emissions standards applicable during a startup or shutdown are defined by other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit.
 - (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of any exception during a startup or shutdown has the burden of proof.
 - (3) In the event this startup and shutdown provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply.
- (c) Maintenance.
- (1) Maintenance should be performed during planned shutdown or repair of process equipment such that excess emissions are avoided. Unavoidable maintenance that results in brief periods of excess emissions and that is necessary to prevent or minimize emergency conditions or equipment malfunctions constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards, or other regulatory requirements if the permittee can demonstrate the following:

- (i) the permittee can identify the need for the maintenance;
 - (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
 - (iii) during the maintenance the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;
 - (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the maintenance to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the maintenance began or such other times as allowed by DEQ; and
 - (v) the notice shall contain a description of the maintenance, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of this section has the burden of proof.
- (3) In the event this maintenance provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 10)

1.25 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation APC-S-1, Section 8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description
AA-001	Main Building – Open Mold Spray Lay-up Operation No. 1. Gelcoat is spray applied to molds. After the gelcoat is cured, resin and fiberglass are spray applied. Emissions are routed to eight (8) stacks. Emissions from gelcoat applications are currently routed to three (3) stacks. Emissions from resin applications are currently routed to five (5) stacks. All vents are equipped with fabric filters.
AA-002	Finishing Department – After the units harden, they are removed from the molds and any irregularities are trimmed and sanded before packaging. Emissions are currently routed to six (6) dust collectors that vent inside the main building.

SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

A. Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards

- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
- (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
 - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 3.1)
- 3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Paragraph 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets. (Ref.: APC-S-1, Section 3.2)

B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-001 AA-002	APC-S-1 Section 3.6(a)	3.B.1	PM (filterable only)	$E = 4.1p^{0.67}$
AA-001	Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued on May 19, 2008.	3.B.2	VOC/HAP	249 tpy (12 month rolling total)
AA-001	NESHAP for Reinforced Plastic Composites Production, 40 CFR 63, Subpart WWW	3.B.3 3.B.4	HAP	<p><u>Open molding mechanical resin application:</u></p> <p>(1) Non – CR/HS Emission limit: 88 lb_{HAP}/ton_{resin}</p> <p>(2) Tooling Emissions limit: 254 lb_{HAP}/ton_{resin}</p> <p><u>Open molding gelcoat:</u></p> <p>(1) Tooling Emission Limit: 440 lb_{HAP}/ton_{gelcoat}</p> <p>(2) White/off-white pigmented Emission Limit: 267 lb_{HAP}/ton_{gelcoat}</p> <p>(3) Other Pigmented Emission Limit: 377 lb_{HAP}/ton_{gelcoat}</p>
AA-001 AA-002	Title V Operating Permit issued March 5, 2013	3.B.5	PM	Maintain exhaust filters

3.B.1 Except as otherwise specified, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of particulate matter in total quantities in any one hour from any manufacturing process, which includes any associated stacks, vents, outlets, or combination thereof, to exceed the amount determined by the relationship

$$E = 4.1p^{0.67}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per hour and P is the process weight input rate in tons per hour.

(Ref: APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a))

- 3.B.2 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall not emit more than 249 tpy of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in any consecutive 12 month period.

(Ref: Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued May 19, 2008)

- 3.B.3 Emission Point AA-001 is affected by and shall comply with the applicable requirements and any subsequent revisions of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Reinforced Plastic Composites Production, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, and the General Provisions, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A.

- 3.B.4 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall comply with the following applicable emission limits:

- (a) For open molding operations using mechanical resin application, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of operation:
 - (1) For non-corrosion-resistant and/or high strength (non-CR/HS) operations, the organic HAP emissions limit is 88 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, based on a 12-month rolling average and,
 - (2) For tooling operations, the organic HAP emissions limit is 254 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, based on a 12-month rolling average.
- (b) For open molding gel coating applications the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of operation:
 - (1) For tooling operations, the organic HAP emissions limit is 440 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gelcoat applied, on a 12-month rolling average,
 - (2) For white/off-white pigmented gel coatings, the organic HAP emissions limit is 267 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gelcoat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, and
 - (3) For all other pigmented get coatings, the organic HAP emissions limit is 377 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gelcoat applied, on a 12-month rolling average.

(Ref: 40 CFR 63, Subpart WWWW, Table 3 and §63.5805(b))

- 3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-001 and AA-002, the permittee shall maintain the exhaust

filters at all times that the process units are in operation or when emissions are vented.

(Ref.: Title V Operating Permit issued March 5, 2013)

C. Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/Parameter	Limit/Standard
APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(1)	3.C.1	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)	3.C.2	SO ₂	4.8 lbs/MMBTU

3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref: APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(1))

3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref: APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a))

D. Work Practice Standards

3.D.1 The permittee shall comply with the following work practice standards:

- (a) The permittee shall not use cleaning solvents that contain HAP, except that styrene may be used as a cleaner in closed systems, and organic HAP containing cleaners may be used to clean cured resin from application equipment. Application equipment includes any equipment that directly contacts resin.
- (b) The permittee shall keep containers that store HAP-containing materials closed or covered except during the addition or removal of materials. Bulk HAP-containing materials storage tanks may be vented as necessary for safety.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5805(b) and Table 4 of Subpart WWWW)

SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
- (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (b) the compliance status;
 - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
 - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.C.5.a.,c.,&d.)

SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING
REQUIREMENTS

A. General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.
- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:
- (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (e) the results of such analyses; and
 - (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.3.b.(1)(a)-(f))
- 5.A.3 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.3.b.(2))
- 5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with APC-S-6, Section II.E. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.3.c.(1))
- 5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) days of the time the deviation began. (Ref.: APC-S-6, Section III.A.3.c.(2))

5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.

5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

B. Specific Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Pollutant/Parameter Monitored	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement	Condition Number	Applicable Requirement	
AA-001	HAP	Compliance Demonstration	5.B.1	40 CFR §63.5810	
Facility-wide	HAP	Compliance Demonstration with HAP emission limits	5.B.2	40 CFR §63.5835	
AA-001	HAP	Monitoring	5.B.3	40 CFR §63.5895(c) and (d)	
		Continuous Compliance Demonstration	5.B.4	40 CFR §63.5900(a)(2) and (4), (b) and (c)	
		Notification of Change	5.B.5	40 CFR §63.5905 and Table 13	
		Compliance Report	5.B.6	40 CFR §63.5910(a) through (d)	
		Recordkeeping	5.B.7 5.B.8	40 CFR §63.5915(a), (c), and (d) 40 CFR §63.5920	
		Requirements in General Provisions	5.B.9	40 CFR §63.5925	
	VOC/HAP	Recordkeeping	5.B.10	Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued on May 19, 2008	
	VOC/HAP	Semi-Annual Reporting	5.B.11	Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued on May 19, 2008	
	AA-001 AA-002	Emission Unit Operation	Reporting	5.B.12	Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued on May 19, 2008
	AA-001 AA-002	Inspections and Maintenance	Recordkeeping	5.B.13	Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued on May 19,

Emission Point(s)	Pollutant/Parameter Monitored	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement	Condition Number	Applicable Requirement
				2008

5.B.1 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall comply with the emission limits by using one of the following options:

- (a) Demonstrate that an individual resin or gel coat, as applied, meets the applicable emission limit in Condition 3.B.4 as specified in §63.5810(a);
- (b) Demonstrate that, on average, you meet the individual organic HAP emissions limits for each combination of operation type and resin application method or gel coat type as specified in §63.5810(b);
- (c) Demonstrate compliance with a weighted average emission limit as specified in §63.5810(c); or
- (d) Meet the organic HAP emission limit for one application method and use the same resin(s) for all application methods of that resin type as specified in §63.5810(d).

The permittee may switch between compliance options listed in (a) through (d) above. If the permittee changes to an option based on a 12-month rolling average, the permittee must base the average on the previous 12 months of data calculated using the compliance option the permittee is changing to, unless the permittee was previously using an option that did not require you to maintain records of resin and gel coat use. In this case, the permittee must immediately begin collecting resin and gel coat data and demonstrate compliance 12 months after changing options.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5810)

5.B.2 The permittee shall be in compliance at all times with the work practice standards in condition 3.D.1 as well as the organic HAP emission limits in condition 3.B.4. The permittee shall always operate and maintain the affected source, including air pollution control and monitoring equipment, according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(1)(i).

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5835)

5.B.3 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance by the following, as applicable:

- (a) The permittee shall collect and keep records of resin and gel coat used, organic HAP content, and operation where the resin is used when the permittee is

meeting the organic HAP emission limits. Resin use records may be based on purchase records if the permittee can reasonably estimate how the resin is applied. The organic HAP records may be based on MSDS or on resin specifications supplied by the resin supplier.

- (b) If the permittee initially demonstrates that all resins and gel coats individually meet the applicable organic HAP emission limits, or organic HAP content limits, then resin and gel coat use records are not required. However, the permittee shall include a statement in each compliance report that all resins and gel coats still meet the organic HAP limits for compliant resins and gel coats. If after the initial demonstration, the permittee changes to a higher organic HAP resin or gel coat, or increase the resin or gel coat organic HAP content, or changes to a higher-emitting resin or gel coat application method, then the permittee shall either again demonstrate that all resins and gel coats still meet the applicable organic HAP emission limits, or begin collecting resin and gel coat use records and calculate compliance on a 12-month rolling average.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5895(c) and (d))

5.B.4 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with conditions 3.B.4 and 3.D.1, as specified below:

- (a) Compliance with organic HAP emission limits is demonstrated by maintaining an organic HAP emission factor value less than or equal to the limit as stated in condition 3.B.4 on a 12-month rolling average, or by including in each compliance report a statement that individual resins and gel coats, as applied, meet the organic HAP emission limits stated in condition 3.B.4;
- (b) Compliance with organic HAP content limits is demonstrated by maintaining an average organic HAP content less than or equal to the appropriate organic HAP contents on a 12-month rolling average, and/or by including in each compliance report a statement that resins and gel coats individually meet the appropriate organic HAP content limits.
- (c) Compliance with the work practice standards at stated in condition 3.D.1 of this permit is demonstrated by performing the required work practice;
- (d) The permittee shall report each deviation from conditions 3.B.4 and 3.D.1. The deviations shall be reported according to the requirements in condition 5.B.6(b); and
- (e) During periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, the permittee shall meet the organic HAP emission limits and work practice standards in conditions 3.B.4 and 3.D.1.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5900(a)(2), (3), and (4), (b), and (c))

- 5.B.5 For Emission Point AA-001, if the permittee changes any information submitted in any notification, the permittee shall submit the changes in writing to the DEQ within 15 calendar days after the change.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5905 and Table 13)

- 5.B.6 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall submit a compliance report in accordance with condition 5.A.4 and it shall include the following information, as applicable:

- (a) The compliance report shall contain the following information:
- (1) Company name and address;
 - (2) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report;
 - (3) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;
 - (4) If there are no deviations from any organic HAP emission limitations or the work practice standards, include a statement that there were no deviations from the organic HAP emission limitations or work practice standards during the reporting period; and
- (b) For each deviation from an organic HAP emission limitation and work practice standard that occurs, the compliance report shall contain the contents of condition 5.B.6(a)(1) through (3) and the following information:
- (1) The total operating time of each affected source during the reporting period, and
 - (2) Information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations (including unknown clause, if applicable), and the corrective action taken.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5910(a) through (d))

- 5.B.7 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall keep the following applicable records:

- (a) A copy of each notification and report submitted to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, including all documentation supporting any initial notification

or notification of compliance status submitted, according to the requirements in §63.10(b)(2)(xiv);

- (b) The records as specified in §63.6(e)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startup, shutdown, and malfunction;
- (c) The permittee shall keep all data, assumptions, and calculations used to determine organic HAP emission factors or average organic HAP contents; and
- (d) The permittee shall keep a certified statement that the permittee is in compliance with the work practice requirements in condition 3.D.1.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5915(a), (c), and (d))

5.B.8 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall maintain all applicable records specified in condition 5.B.7 in the following manner:

- (a) The permittee shall maintain all applicable records in such a manner that they can be readily accessed and are suitable for inspection according to §63.10(b)(1);
- (b) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), the permittee shall keep each record for five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record;
- (c) These records shall be kept onsite for at least two (2) years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or records. The permittee may keep the records offsite for the remaining three (3) years; and
- (d) The permittee may keep records in hard copy or computer readable form including, but not limited to, paper, microfilm, computer floppy disk, magnetic tape, or microfiche.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5920)

5.B.9 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements in 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, General Provisions as specified in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, Table 15.

(Ref: 40 CFR §63.5925)

5.B.10 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall maintain sufficient records to document:

- (a) Identification of the coating(s), catalyst(s) or other VOC or HAP containing material used, and the total gallons of each coating and each solvent used on a monthly basis and in any consecutive 12-month period.
- (b) The VOC and HAP content(s) of the coating(s), catalyst(s), or other VOC or HAP containing material used. A description of the method used to determine the VOC and HAP content shall accompany this data.
- (c) The density of the coating(s), catalyst(s), or other VOC or HAP containing material.
- (d) The permittee shall maintain copies of all records and reports on site for at least five (5) years and shall make them available upon request by DEQ personnel.

(Ref: Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued May 19, 2008)

5.B.11 The permittee shall submit semi-annual reports providing:

- (a) Identification of the coating(s), catalyst(s), or other VOC or HAP containing material used.
- (b) The VOC and HAP content(s) of coating(s), catalyst(s), or other VOC or HAP containing material used.
- (c) The total gallons of the coating(s) or other VOC or HAP containing material used in any consecutive 12-month period.
- (d) The total VOC emission rate, the emission rate of each individual HAP and the total HAP emission rate in tons/year for each consecutive 12-month period.

(Ref: Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued May 19, 2008)

5.B.12 For Emission Points AA-001 and AA-002, the permittee shall maintain sufficient records to document the emission unit were operated while the fabric filters and dust collectors were operational. These records shall be maintained in log form and maintained in accordance with Condition 5.A.3 and submitted in accordance with condition 5.A.4. Further they shall be made available upon request by DEQ personnel.

(Ref: Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued May 19, 2008)

5.B.13 For Emission Points AA-001 and AA-002, the permittee shall perform regular inspections and maintenance as needed each week or more often if necessary to maintain proper operation of all fabric filters and dust collectors for achieving the desired PM control efficiency. Records of this maintenance shall be kept in log form and maintained

in accordance with condition 5.A.3 and made available upon request by DEQ personnel. Further the permittee shall submit a summary report in accordance with condition 5.A.4.

The permittee shall maintain on hand at all times sufficient equipment as is necessary to repair, replace, and/or overhaul the pollution control equipment.

(Ref: Federally Enforceable Title V Operating Permit issued May 19, 2008)

SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

6.1 For Emission Point AA-001, if the permittee's operation type changes to another operation listed in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, Table 3, other than the operations specified in condition 3.B.4, then the permittee shall notify the DEQ in writing 60 days prior to changing operations and then comply with all applicable conditions in Section 5.B of this permit and the following applicable emission limit:

- (a) If the operation is open molding CR/HS resin application, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:
 - (1) For mechanical resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 112 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, based on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 46.2 percent using a non-atomized resin application,
 - (2) For filament resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 171 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 42.0 percent, and
 - (3) For manual resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 123 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 40.0 percent.
- (b) If the operation is open molding non-CR/HS resin application, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:
 - (1) For filament application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 188 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 445.0 percent, and
 - (2) For manual resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 87 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 33.6 percent.
- (c) If the operation is open molding tooling, the permittee shall limit the HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:

- (1) For manual resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 157 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 45.9 percent.
- (d) If the operation is open molding low-flame spread/low-smoke products, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:
 - (1) For mechanical resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 497 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 60.0 percent,
 - (2) For filament application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 270 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 60.0 percent, and
 - (3) For manual resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 238 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 60.0 percent.
- (e) If the operations is open molding shrinkage controlled resins, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:
 - (1) For mechanical resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 354 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 50.0 percent,
 - (2) For filament application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 215 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 50.0 percent, and
 - (3) For manual resin application operations the organic HAP emission limit is 180 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of resin applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin is 50.0 percent.
- (f) If the operation is open molding gel coating, the permittee shall limit HAP emissions according to the following types of material application:

- (1) For CR/HS or high performance gel coat operations the organic HAP emission limit is 605 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gel coat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant gel is 48.0 percent,
 - (2) For fire retardant gel coat operations the organic HAP emission limit is 854 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gel coat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant gel is 60.0 percent, and
 - (3) For clear production gel coat operations the organic HAP emission limit is 522 pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton of gel coat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic HAP content for a compliant gel is 44.0 percent.
- (g) If the operation is centrifugal casting CR/HS, the permittee shall limit the organic HAP emissions to 25 pounds of organic Hap emitted per ton of gel coat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic Hap content for a compliant gel is 48.0 percent.
- (h) If the operation is centrifugal casting non-CR/HS, the permittee shall limit the organic HAP emissions to 20pounds of organic Hap emitted per ton of gel coat applied, on a 12-month rolling average, or the highest organic Hap content for a compliant gel is 37.5 percent.
- (i) If the operation using pultrusion machines that produce parts with less than 1000 reinforcements and a cross sectional area of less than 60 inches, the permittee shall reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent.
- (j) If the operation is continuous lamination/casting, the permittee shall reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 58.8 weight percent or not exceed organic HAP emission limit of 15.7 pounds of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus neat gel coat plus.

(Ref: 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, Table 3)

SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A – Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B – Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E – The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
 - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
 - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
 - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F – Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
 - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
 - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners;
or
 - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, persons

selling class I or class II refrigerants or offering class I or class II refrigerants for sale, and persons purchasing class I or class II refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G – Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H – Halon Emissions Reduction:
- (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
 - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
 - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
 - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

APPENDIX A

List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit

APC-S-1	Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control of Air Contaminants
APC-S-2	Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment
APC-S-3	Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes
APC-S-4	Ambient Air Quality Standards
APC-S-5	Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality
APC-S-6	Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act
APC-S-7	Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	Carbon Monoxide
COM	Continuous Opacity Monitor
COMS	Continuous Opacity Monitoring System
DEQ	Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
gr/dscf	Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot
HP	Horsepower
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
lbs/hr	Pounds per Hour
M or K	Thousand
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
MM	Million
MMBTUH	Million British Thermal Units per Hour
NA	Not Applicable
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NESHAP	National Emission Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR 61 or National Emission Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR 63
NMVOG	Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds
NO _x	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60
O&M	Operation and Maintenance
PM	Particulate Matter
PM ₁₀	Particulate Matter less than 10 Φm in diameter
ppm	Parts per Million
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TPY	Tons per Year
TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
VEE	Visible Emissions Evaluation
VHAP	Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

