STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AIR POLLUTION CONTROL TITLE V PERMIT

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Gulf LNG Energy, LLC
LNG Clean Energy Project
125 Industrial Road
Bayou Cassotte
Pascagoula, Mississippi (Jackson Co.)

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued:	JAN 0 9 2014	- A D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
Effective Date:	As specified herein.	
MISSISSIP	PI ENVIRONMEN	TAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD
	AUTHORIZ	ED SIGNATURE
MISSISSIPE	PI DEPARTMENT	OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
Expires: Decei	nber 31, 2018	Permit No.: 1280-00132

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SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(6)(a).)
- 1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(6)(b).)
- 1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(6)(c).)
- 1.4 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(6)(d).)
- 1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(6)(e).)
- 1.6 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(5).)
- 1.7 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.)
 - (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for

calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.6.A(2).)

- (b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.6.A(2).) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.6.D(2).)
- (c) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.6.D.)
- (d) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.6.C.)
- 1.8 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(8).)
- 1.9 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate,

- and complete. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.2.E.)
- 1.10 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
 - (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissionsrelated activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
 - (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.C(2).)
- Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.I(1).)
- Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.I(2).)
- 1.13 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.F(1).)
- 1.14 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
 - (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
 - (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
 - (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a)

of the Federal Act.

- (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.F(2).)
- 1.15 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.H.)
- Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.4.C(2)., R. 6.4.B., and R.6.2.A(1)(c).)
- 1.17 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:
 - (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
 - (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
 - (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:
 - (1) a brief description of the change(s),
 - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
 - (3) any change in emissions, and
 - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.4.F(1).)
- 1.18 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in

the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3., "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)

- 1.19 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2., "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6., "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of TitleV of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:
 - (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
 - (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
 - (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
 - (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
 - (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166; or
 - (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166;
 - (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
 - (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source."
- 1.20 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.4.D(4).)

- 1.21 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.B(1).)
- 1.22 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.
 - (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
 - (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.
 - (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private air fields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.G.)
- 1.23 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies.
 - (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
 - (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.

- (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
 - (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
 - (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.G.)
- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, shutdowns and maintenance.
 - (a) Upsets (as defined by 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.2.KK.)
 - (1) The occurrence of an upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit if the permittee demonstrates through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
 - (i) an upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
 - (iii) during the upset the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;

- (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the upset to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the upset began; and
- (v) the notice of the upset shall contain a description of the upset, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
- (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined by 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.2.HH. & R.1.2.CC.)
 - (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emissions limitations applicable to normal operation apply during startups and shutdowns except as follows:
 - (i) when sudden, unavoidable breakdowns occur during a startup or shutdown, the event may be classified as an upset subject to the requirements above;
 - (ii) when a startup or shutdown is infrequent, the duration of excess emissions is brief in each event, and the design of the source is such that the period of excess emissions cannot be avoided without causing damage to equipment or persons; or
 - (iii) when the emissions standards applicable during a startup or shutdown are defined by other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit.
 - (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of any exception during a startup or shutdown has the burden of proof.
 - (3) In the event this startup and shutdown provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply.
- (c) Maintenance.
 - (1) Maintenance should be performed during planned shutdown or repair of process equipment such that excess emissions are avoided. Unavoidable maintenance that results in brief periods of excess emissions and that is necessary to prevent

or minimize emergency conditions or equipment malfunctions constitutes an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with emission standards, or other regulatory requirements if the permittee can demonstrate the following:

- (i) the permittee can identify the need for the maintenance;
- (ii) the source was at the time being properly operated;
- (iii) during the maintenance the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements of Applicable Rules and Regulations or any applicable permit;
- (iv) the permittee submitted notice of the maintenance to the DEQ within 5 working days of the time the maintenance began or such other times as allowed by DEQ; and
- (v) the notice shall contain a description of the maintenance, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the applicability of this section has the burden of proof.
- (3) In the event this maintenance provision conflicts with another applicable requirement, the more stringent requirement shall apply. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.10.)
- 1.25 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description
AA-001 through AA-010	Ten (10) natural gas-fired, submerged combustion vaporizers rated at 95.6 MMBTUH each, which are used for heating Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) to change it from liquid to gas phase.
AA-011	12.13 MMBTUH natural gas-fired heater for re-gasifying LNG and venting it to the atmosphere from the two (2) main LNG storage vessels and related equipment during operational upsets.
AA-012 and AA- 013	Two (2) natural gas-fired turbines rated at 142.4 MMBTUH (20,500 hp) each used for supplying back-up electrical power to the facility. Each turbine is limited to operating 1,000 hours per year.
AA-014	5.1 MMBTUH (755 hp) diesel-fired generator (500 kW) for providing electrical power to start the turbines and maintain other systems in the event of electrical power loss with an associated 300 gallon diesel storage tank. The generator is limited to operating 1,000 hours per year.
AA-015	4.3 MMBTUH (610 hp) diesel-fired fire water pump located within the facility with an associated 700 gallon diesel storage tank. The fire pump is limited to operating 1,000 hours per year.
AA-016	4.1 MMBTUH (665 hp) diesel-fired fire water pump located on the jetty with an associated 700 gallon diesel storage tank. The fire pump is limited to operating 1,000 hours per year.
AA-017	1.7 MMBTUH (300 hp) diesel-fired air compressor for supplying compressed air to the facility when the main air supply is non-operational with an associated 140 gallon diesel storage tank. The compressor is limited to operating 1,000 hours per year.

SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

A. Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards

- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
 - (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
 - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.A.)
- 3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Paragraph 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.B.)

B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-001 through AA-013	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(b)	3.B.1	PM/PM ₁₀	E=0.8808*I ^{-0.1667}
AA-013	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.A(1)	3.B.2	SO_2	4.8 lbs/MMBTU
AA-001 through AA-010	Permit to Construct (PTC) issued February 9, 2007.	3.B.3	NO _X	3.7 lbs/hr and 16.3 tons/yr (per unit) 3.0 lbs/hr and 13.1 tons/yr (per unit)
AA-011	PTC issued February 9, 2007. NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, 60.40c(a)	3.B.4	Fuel Usage	Limited to natural gas only.

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-012 and	PTC issued February 9, 2007.	3.B.5	NO_X	14.2 lbs/hr and 7.1 tons/yr (per unit)
AA-013			СО	17.2 lbs/hr and 8.6 tons/yr (per unit)
			Hours	≤ 1,000 hrs/yr (per unit)
	NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK (60.4300, 4305, 4310(a),	3.B.6	SO_2	Applicability and exemptions.
	4330(a)(2) & 4333)	3.B.7		\leq 0.060 lb SO ₂ /MBTU heat input
AA-014 through	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(b)	3.B.8	PM/PM ₁₀	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
AA-017	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.A(1)	3.B.2	SO_2	4.8 lbs/MMBTU
	PTC issued February 9, 2007.	3.B.9	Hours	≤ 1,000 hrs/yr (per unit)
	NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII (60.4200(a)(2), 4202(a)&(d) & 4205(b)&(c))	3.B.10	NMHC+N O _X , CO & PM	Applicability and emission standards (Subpart IIII, Table 4 and 89.112)
	NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII (60.4209(a))	3.B.11	Hours	Install a non-resettable hour meter.
	NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII (60.4211(a))	3.B.12	Op. and Maint.	Hours and operation limitations.
	NESHAP, 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ (63.6580, 6585 & 6590(c))	3.B.13	НАР	MACT applicability only. Since complying with Part 60, does not have to meet ZZZZ requirements.

3.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-013, the permittee shall not have particulate matter (PM) emissions from fossil fuel burning installations of greater than 10 million BTU per hour heat input that exceeds the emission rate as determined by the relationship:

$$E=0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour heat input and I is the heat input in millions of BTU per hour. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(b))

3.B.2 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-017, the permittee shall not discharge sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer in excess of 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide(SO2)) per million BTU heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.A(1))

- 3.B.3 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-010, the permittee is limited by the Permit to Construct (PTC) issued on February 9, 2007. For each unit, Nitrogen Oxide (NO_X) emissions are limited to 3.7 pounds per hour (lbs/hr) and 16.3 tons per year (tons/yr), and carbon monoxide (CO) emissions are limited to 3.0 lbs/hr and 13.1 tons/yr. (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)
- 3.B.4 For Emission Point AA-011, the permittee is limited by the PTC issued on February 9, 2007. In addition, Emission Point AA-011 is subject to the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc. This is a new gas-fired unit, which is required to meet the applicable requirements of Subpart Dc and the General Provisions, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A. The unit is limited to combusting natural gas only. (Ref.: (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007 and 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, 60.40c(a))
- 3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee is limited by the PTC issued on February 9, 2007. For each unit, NO_x emissions are limited to 14.2 lbs/hr and 7.1 tons/yr, and CO emissions are limited to 17.2 lbs/hr and 8.6 tons/yr. In addition, each unit is limited to a maximum of 1,000 hours per year in any consecutive 12-month period. (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)
- 3.B.6 Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013 are subject to and shall comply with the NSPS for Stationary Combustion Turbines, 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK. These units are required to meet the applicable requirements of Subpart KKKK and the General Provisions, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK, 60.4300, 60.4305, & 60.4310(a))
- 3.B.7 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee must not burn any fuel which contains total potential sulfur emissions in excess of 0.060 lb SO₂/MMBTU heat input. In addition, the permittee must operate and maintain the units, air pollution control equipment, and monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions at all times including during startup, shutdown, and malfunction. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK, 60.4330(a)(2) & 60.4333)
- 3.B.8 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or PM from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(a))
- 3.B.9 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, the permittee is limited by the PTC issued on February 9, 2007. Each unit is limited to a maximum of 1,000 hours per year in any consecutive 12-month period. (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)
- 3.B.10 Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017 are subject to and shall comply with the NSPS for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines (CI ICE), 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII. These units are required to meet the applicable requirements of Subpart IIII and the General Provisions, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII,

60.4200(a)(2))

The permittee, as an owner and operator of 2007 model year and later emergency stationary CI ICE with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that are not fire pump engines must comply with the emission standards for new nonroad CI engines in §60.4202 (certification emission standards in §89.112 and §89.113), for all pollutants, for the same model year and maximum engine power for their 2007 model year and later emergency stationary CI ICE. For fire pump engines with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder, the permittee must comply with the emission standards (e.g., through certification testing) in Table 4 of Subpart IIII for all pollutants. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII, 60.4202(a)&(d) and 4205(b)&(c))

- 3.B.11 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, the permittee is required to install a non-resettable hour meter prior to startup of the engine for emergency stationary CI internal combustion engines. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII, 60.4209(a))
- 3.B.12 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, for emergency stationary ICE, the permittee must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements below. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this Subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described below, is prohibited. If an engine is not operated according to these requirements, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine and would be required to meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
 - (a) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
 - (b) The emergency stationary ICE may be operated for any combination of the following purposes for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year.
 - (1) Maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine.
 - (2) Emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see §60.17), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3.
 - (3) Periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of 5 percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency.

- (c) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations; however, the 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided above. Except as provided below, the 50 hours per calendar year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
 - (1) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator;
 - (ii) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
 - (iii) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
 - (iv) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
 - (v) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII, 60.4211(f))

3.B.13 Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017 are subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE), 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ, which can be located at major and area sources of HAP emissions. However, for units that are subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII, the permittee shall meet the requirements of ZZZZ by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII and no further requirements of ZZZZ apply for such engines. (Ref.: 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, 63.6580, 6585, and 6590(c))

C. <u>Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards</u>

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(a)	3.C.1	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.A(1)	3.C.2	SO_2	4.8 lbs/MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.F(1)	3.C.3	PM/PM ₁₀	$E=4.1(p)^{0.67}$

- 3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(a))
- 3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.A(1))
- 3.C.3 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission from any manufacturing process, in any one hour from any point source, particulate matter in total quantities in excess of the amount determined by the relationship:

$$E=4.1(p)^{0.67}$$

Where E is the emission rate in pounds per hour and p is the process weight input rate in tons per hour. If the process weight input rate (p) changes, the emissions rate (E) will change accordingly. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.F(1))

SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
 - (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (b) the compliance status;
 - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
 - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.C(5)(a), (c), & (d).)
- 4.3 The permittee shall submit progress reports consistent with an applicable schedule of compliance and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.2.C(8). Semi-annually, or at such other frequency as is specified in an applicable requirement or by the Permit Board. Such progress reports shall contain the following:
 - (a) dates for achieving the activities, milestone(s), or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestone(s) or compliance were achieved; and
 - (b) an explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted.

SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. <u>General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements</u>
- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.
- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:
 - (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (e) the results of such analyses; and
 - (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)
- 5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)
- 5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.2.E. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)
- 5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) days of the time the deviation began. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

- 5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.
- 5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

B. Specific Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter Monitored	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement
AA-001 through AA-010	PTC issued February 9, 2007.	5.B.1	NO _X and CO	Perform stack testing and submit stack test report.
	PTC issued February 9, 2007.	5.B.2	Hours of Operation	Monitor, record and maintain hours of operation for each unit on a monthly and consecutive 12-month basis.
AA-011	NSPS, 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc (40 CFR 60.48c(g))	5.B.3	Fuel	Record and maintain records of the amount of each fuel combusted on a monthly basis.
AA-012 and AA- 013	NSPS, 40 CFR 60 Subpart KKKK (40 CFR 60.4360 and 4365(a) &(b))	5.B.4	SO_2	Monitor, record and maintain records of the fuel sulfur content.
	PTC issued February 9, 2007.	5.B.5	Hours of Operation	Monitor, record and maintain hours of operation for each unit on a monthly and consecutive 12-month basis.
AA-014 through AA-017	NSPS, 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII	5.B.6	NMHC+NO _X , CO & PM	Maintain engine certification testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards.
	NSPS, 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII (40 CFR 60.4214(b) & (c))	5.B.7	Hours Operated and Alarms	Monitor, record and maintain records of the reason and hours used for each unit. Hours of operation for each unit shall be recorded on a monthly and consecutive 12- month basis.
				If a particulate filter is used, record corrective actions for high backpressure alarms.

5.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-010, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the NO_x and CO emission limitations by stack testing in accordance with EPA Reference Methods7 and 10, respectively, or their approved equivalents and submittal of a stack test report. This testing shall be conducted once per permitting period. If initial testing has yet to occur, then testing shall be performed within 180 days of permit issuance, and once per permitting period thereafter.

A testing protocol shall be submitted at least thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable to the Office of Pollution Control. In addition, a pretest meeting may be necessary to discuss test methods, operating schedule, and procedures. The Office of Pollution Control must be notified prior to the scheduled test date. At least TEN (10) DAYS notice should be given so that an observer may be scheduled to witness the test(s).

The stack test report(s) shall be submitted to the Office of Pollution Control for review within sixty (60) days of the actual test date(s). (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)

- 5.B.2 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-010, the permittee shall monitor and record the hours of operations for each unit on a monthly basis and a consecutive 12-month basis. (Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)
- 5.B.3 For Emission Point AA-011, the permittee shall record and maintain records of the amount of natural gas combusted during each calendar month. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc, 60.48c(g))
- 5.B.4 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee may elect not to monitor the total sulfur content of the fuel combusted in the turbine, if the fuel is demonstrated not to exceed potential sulfur emissions of 0.060 lb SO₂/MMBTU heat input. The permittee must use one of the following sources of information to make the required demonstration:
 - (a) The fuel quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the fuel, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content for natural gas use is 20 grains of sulfur or less per 100 standard cubic feet, has potential sulfur emissions of less than less than 0.060 lb SO₂/MMBTU heat input; or
 - (b) Representative fuel sampling data which show that the sulfur content of the fuel does not exceed 0.060 lb SO₂/MMBTU heat input. At a minimum, the amount of fuel sampling data specified in Section 2.3.1.4 or 2.3.2.4 of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 75 is required.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60 Subpart KKKK, 40 CFR 60.4360 and 4365(a) &(b))

5.B.5 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of the hours of operation of each unit on a monthly basis and a consecutive 12-month basis.

(Ref.: PTC issued February 9, 2007)

- 5.B.6 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, the permittee shall maintain engine certification testing demonstrating compliance with the applicable emission standards for each engine. This information shall be available for review by the Administrator at any time. (Ref.: 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII)
- 5.B.7 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, for emergency CI ICE, the permittee must keep records of the operation of the engine in emergency and non-emergency service that are recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee must record the time of operation of the engine and the reason the engine was in operation during that time.

The permittee shall monitor and keep records of the hours of operation of each unit on a monthly basis and a consecutive 12-month basis.

If the stationary CI ICE is equipped with a diesel particulate filter, the permitte must keep records of any corrective action taken after the backpressure monitor has notified the permittee that the high backpressure limit of the engine is approached.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII, 40 CFR 60.4214(b)&(c) and PTC issued February 9, 2007)

C. Specific Reporting Requirements

5.C.1 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-010, the permittee shall submit a notice of any scheduled performance testing at least TEN (10) DAYS prior to the test date so that an observer may be scheduled to witness the test(s).

The subsequent stack test report(s) shall be submitted to the Office of Pollution Control for review within sixty (60) days of the actual test date(s).

- 5.C.2 For Emission Points AA-001 through AA-010, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual summary report of hours of operation on a monthly and consecutive 12-month basis for each unit in accordance with permit condition 5.A.4.
- 5.C.3 For Emission Point AA-011, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual summary report, in accordance with permit condition 5.A.4, of the type and quantity of each fuel (i.e., natural gas) combusted during each calendar month.
- 5.C.4 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur emissions limit (e.g., valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the fuel) in the annual summary report in accordance with permit condition 4.2.

This information shall be available for review by the Administrator at any time.

- 5.C.5 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual summary report of hours of operation on a monthly and consecutive 12-month basis for each unit in accordance with permit condition 5.A.4. to ensure compliance with permit and regulatory limits. In addition, if a unit is required to be equipped with a diesel particulate filter, the permitte shall summarize in the report any corrective actions taken as a result of a high backpressure alarms.
- 5.C.6 For Emission Points AA-014 through AA-017, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the emission standards for each engine (e.g., certification testing) in the annual summary report in accordance with permit condition 4.2. This information shall be available for review by the Administrator at any time.

SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

None permitted.

SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
 - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
 - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
 - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
 - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
 - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
 - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, persons

selling class I or class II refrigerants or offering class I or class II refrigerants for sale, and persons purchasing class I or class II refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H Halon Emissions Reduction:
 - (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
 - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
 - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
 - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

APPENDIX A

List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1. Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control

of Air Contaminants

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air

Emissions Equipment

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 4. Ambient Air Quality Standards

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air

Quality

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title

V of the Federal Clean Air Act

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7. Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of the

Federal Clean Air Act

BACT Best Available Control Technology CEM Continuous Emission Monitor

CEMS Continuous Emission Monitoring System

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon Monoxide

COM Continuous Opacity Monitor

COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System

DEQ Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

gr/dscf Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot

HP Horsepower

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant

lbs/hr Pounds per Hour

M or K Thousand

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology

MM Million

MMBTUH Million British Thermal Units per Hour

NA Not Applicable

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP National Emissions Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR 61

or

National Emission Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR 63

NMVOC Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds

NO_x Nitrogen Oxides

NSPS New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PM Particulate Matter

PM₁₀ Particulate Matter less than 10 μm in diameter

ppm Parts per Million

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52

SIP State Implementation Plan

SO₂ Sulfur Dioxide TPY Tons per Year TRS Total Reduced Sulfur

VEE Visible Emissions Evaluation
VHAP Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC Volatile Organic Compound