

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL
TITLE V PERMIT**

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Hankins Inc
15881 Highway 4 East
Ripley, Mississippi
Tippah County

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. 40 CFR 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: MAR 28 2019

Effective Date: As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD



AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Expires: February 29, 2024

Permit No.: 2620-00005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|---|----|
| SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS..... | 3 |
| SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES..... | 13 |
| SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS | 14 |
| SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE..... | 20 |
| SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS | 21 |
| SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS | 27 |
| SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS..... | 28 |

APPENDIX A LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS PERMIT

OTHER RELATED DOCUMENTS

Available at <http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/ECFR>

40 CFR 60, SUBPART A – GENERAL PROVISIONS

40 CFR 60 SUBPART, SUBPART JJJJ - STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE FOR STATIONARY SPARK IGNITION INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

40 CFR PART 63, SUBPART DDDD - NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS: PLYWOOD AND COMPOSITE WOOD PRODUCTS

40 CFR PART 63, SUBPART ZZZZ - NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAP) FOR STATIONARY COMBUSTION ENGINES

SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(a).)

- 1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(b).)

- 1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(c).)

- 1.4 Prior to its expiration, this permit may be reopened in accordance with the provisions listed below.

(a) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Federal Act become applicable to a major Title V source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended.
- (2) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
- (3) The Permit Board or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emission standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

- (4) The Administrator or the Permit Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (b) Proceedings to reopen and issue this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall only affect those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (c) Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Title V source by the DEQ at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Permit Board may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.G.)

- 1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(e).)

- 1.6 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(d).)

- 1.7 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(5).)

- 1.8 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.

- (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the

amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).)

- (b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee. (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D(2).)

- (c) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D.)

- (d) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.C.)

- 1.9 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(8).)

- 1.10 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.)

- 1.11 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
- (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
 - (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(2).)

- 1.12 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(1).)

- 1.13 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(2).)

- 1.14 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(1).)

- 1.15 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
 - (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
 - (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
 - (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(2).)

- 1.16 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.H.)

- 1.17 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.C(2)., R. 6.4.B., and R. 6.2.A(1)(c).)

- 1.18 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:
- (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
 - (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
 - (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:

- (1) a brief description of the change(s),
 - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
 - (3) any change in emissions, and
 - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
- (d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.F(1).)

- 1.19 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3., "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)

- 1.20 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2., "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6., "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:

- (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
- (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
- (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
- (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:

- (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166; or
- (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51.166;
- (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
- (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.C(15).)

1.21 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.D(4).)

1.22 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.B(1).)

1.23 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.

- (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.

- (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private air fields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.G.)

1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies:

- (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
- (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.
- (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
 - (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
 - (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.G.)

1.25 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, and shutdowns.

(a) Upsets (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)

(1) For an upset, the Commission may pursue an enforcement action for noncompliance with an emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit. In determining whether to pursue enforcement action, and/or the appropriate enforcement action to take, the Commission may consider whether the source has demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence the following:

- (i) An upset occurred and that the source can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
- (ii) The source was at the time being properly operated;
- (iii) During the upset the source took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit;
- (iv) That within 5 working days of the time the upset began, the source submitted a written report to the Department describing the upset, the steps taken to mitigate excess emissions or any other noncompliance, and the corrective actions taken and;
- (v) That as soon as practicable but no later than 24 hours of becoming aware of an upset that caused an immediate adverse impact to human health or the environment beyond the source boundary or caused a general nuisance to the public, the source provided notification to the Department.

(2) In any enforcement proceeding by the Commission, the source seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

(3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

(4) These upset provisions apply only to enforcement actions by the Commission and are not intended to prohibit EPA or third party enforcement actions.

(b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)

- (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emission limitations apply during startups and shutdowns unless source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns are defined by an applicable rule, regulation, or permit.
- (2) Where the source is unable to comply with existing emission limitations established under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and defined in this regulation, 11 Mississippi Administrative Code, Part 2, Chapter 1, the Department will consider establishing source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns. Source specific emission limitations or work practice standards established for startups and shutdowns are subject to the requirements prescribed in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.B(2)(a) through (e).
- (3) Where an upset as defined in Rule 1.2 occurs during startup or shutdown, see the upset requirements above.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)

- 1.26 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8.)

SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

| Emission Point | Description |
|----------------|---|
| AA-001 | Emissions from green end sawmill |
| AA-002 | Emissions from log debarker |
| AA-003 | Fungicide Spray with mist eliminator |
| AA-010 | 30 MMBTU/hr Direct-fired kiln, permitted to burn woodwaste, and natural gas |
| AA-011 | Fuel cyclone used to convey sawdust and planer shavings to storage for Dry Kiln AA-010 |
| AA-021 | Planer cyclone used to convey planer shavings from planer mill to Emission Points AA-011, AA-031, and AA-041. |
| AA-030 | Emissions from planer mill |
| AA-031 | Truck loading cyclone used to convey planer shavings for truck load out |
| AA-040 | 30 MMTU/hr Direct-fired kiln, permitted to burn woodwaste, and natural gas |
| AA-041 | Dry fuel storage cyclone used to convey planer shavings to Dry fuel storage for Dry Kiln AA-040 |
| AA-050 | 30 MMBTU/hr Direct-Fired Kiln permitted to burn woodwaste, and natural gas |
| AA-051 | Dry Fuel Storage Cyclone used to convey planer shavings and sawdust to Dry Kiln AA-050 |
| AA-052 | 0.21 MMBtu/hr (81.95HP) Natural Gas-Fired Emergency Generator |

SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

A. Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards

- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
- (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
 - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)

- 3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Paragraph 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

| Emission Point(s) | Applicable Requirement | Condition Number(s) | Pollutant/Parameter | Limit/Standard |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Facility-Wide | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.F(1). | 3.B.1 | PM | $E = 4.1 p^{0.67}$ |
| | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B. | 3.A.2 | Opacity | ≤40% |
| AA-010 AA-040 AA-050 | Federally Enforceable Permit to Construct issued December 11, 2000, and modified on February 26, 2011 and January 23, 2017 | 3.B.2 | VOC | 346 tons per year of VOCs based upon maximum green lumber throughput of 156,774,000 board feet per year and an emission factor of 4.32 lbs VOC as VOC per thousand board feet |
| | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2.R. 2.2B(10) | 3.B.3 | Fuel Restriction | Woodwaste is defined as sawdust, bark, green chips, dry chips, ends, plywood trim and planar shavings |
| | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.B(1). | 3.B.4 | SO ₂ | 500 ppm by volume |
| | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b). | 3.B.5 | PM | $E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$ |
| | 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDD: National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Plywood and Composite Wood Products 40 CFR 63.2231 | 3.B.6 | HAPs | General Applicability |
| AA-052 | 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ: National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) for Stationary Combustion Engines 63.6590(c)(4) | 3.B.7 | HAPs | Applicability |
| | 40 CFR 60 Subpart, Subpart JJJJ: Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines 60.4230(a)(4)(iv) | 3.B.8 | NO _x , CO, and VOC | Applicability |
| | 40 CFR 60.4233(d) and 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ, Table 1 | 3.B.9 | NO _x + HC CO | 10.0 g/bhp/hr NO _x 387.0 g/bhp/hr CO |
| | 40 CFR 60.4234 | 3.B.10 | NO _x , CO, and VOC | Continuous Emissions Compliance |

| Emission Point(s) | Applicable Requirement | Condition Number(s) | Pollutant/Parameter | Limit/Standard |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | 40 CFR 60.4236(c) | 3.B.11 | Installation Restriction | Installation Restriction |
| | 40 CFR 60.4243 (d)(1-3) | 3.B.12 | Operational Restriction | Operational Requirements |

3.B.1 For the entire facility (Facility-Wide), except as otherwise specified, no person shall cause, permit, or allow the emission of particulate matter in total quantities in any one hour from any manufacturing process, which includes any associated stacks, vents, outlets, or combination thereof, to exceed the amount determined by the relationship

$$E = 4.1 p^{0.67}$$

Where E is the emission rate in pounds per hour and p is the process weight input rate in tons per hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.F(1)).

3.B.2 For the three dry kilns (AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050) the permittee shall limit the emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds to no more than 346 tons per year of VOCs as VOCs; by limiting green lumber throughput to 156,774,000 board feet per year calculated as a 12-month rolling total and based upon an emission factor of 4.32 lbs VOC as VOC per thousand board feet.

(Ref.: Federally Enforceable Permit to Construct issued December 11, 2000, and modified on February 26, 2011 and January 23, 2017)

3.B.3 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, the permittee is authorized to burn as fuel uncontaminated wood waste and natural gas. For purposes of this permit, wood waste is defined as sawdust, bark, green chips, dry chips, ends, plywood trim and planer shavings generated from the processing of harvested timber and may be purchased from outside sources. Additionally, the permittee is authorized to use up to 10 gallons of diesel to ignite the fuel bed during startup.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2, R. 2.2.B(10))

3.B.4 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, except as otherwise provided herein; no person shall cause or permit the emission of gas containing sulfur oxides in excess of 500 ppm by volume from any process equipment.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin Code Pt. 2, R.1.4.B(1)).

- 3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, emissions of ash and/or particulate matter shall not exceed an emission rate as determined by the relationship

$$E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour input and I is heat input in millions of BTU per hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin Code Pt. 2, R.1.3.D(1)(b).)

- 3.B.6 Emission Points AA-010, AA-040, and AA-050 are subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart DDDD: National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Plywood and Composite Wood Products. These units are affected sources per 40 CFR 63.2231(a) of the rule, however, the only applicable requirement is initial notification. There are no applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements in Subpart DDDD.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.2231).

- 3.B.7 Emission Point AA-052 is subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) for Stationary Combustion Engines, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ. Emission Point AA-052 is considered a new, spark ignition, 4-stroke rich-burn, emergency engine with a site rating less than 500 HP that is located at a Major Source of HAP emissions. As such, each source must meet the requirements of Subpart ZZZZ by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 60, subpart JJJJ, for spark ignition engines. No further requirements apply for such engines under this 40 CFR 63 Subparts ZZZZ or A.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6580, 63.6585(b), and 63.6590(c)(4).)

- 3.B.8 Emission Point AA-052 is subject to the Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4230(a)(4)(iv).)

For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall have exhaust emissions of NO_x + HC less than 10 grams per horsepower-hour (g/HP-hr) and of carbon monoxide (CO) less than 387 g/HP-hr.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4233(d) and Table 1 of Subpart JJJJ)

- 3.B.9 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee must operate and maintain the engine such that it achieves the emission standards found in Condition 3.B.10 over the entire life of the engine.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4234, Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.10 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee may not install engines that do not meet the applicable requirements in 40 CFR 60.4233 after January 1, 2011.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4236(c), Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.11 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements below. Any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year is prohibited. If the permittee does not operate the engine according to the requirements below, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.

- (a) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (b) The permittee may operate the emergency stationary ICE for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (c) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed. Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The permittee may petition the DEQ for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the permittee maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (c) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing. Except as provided in 40 CFR 60.4243(d)(3)(i), the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4243(d)(1-3), Subpart JJJJ.)

C. Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards

| Applicable Requirement | Condition Number(s) | Pollutant/Parameter | Limit/Standard |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a). | 3.C.1 | PM | 0.6 lbs/MMBTU |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1). | 3.C.2 | SO ₂ | 4.8 lbs/MMBTU |

3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)

3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
- (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (b) the compliance status;
 - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
 - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(5)(a), (c), & (d).)

SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:

- (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
- (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
- (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
- (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
- (e) the results of such analyses; and
- (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)

5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)

5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) days of the time the deviation began.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

B. Specific Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

| Emission Point(s) | Applicable Requirement | Condition Number | Pollutant/Parameter Monitored | Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| AA-011 AA-021 AA-031 AA-041 AA-051 | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. R.2.2.B(10) | 5.B.1 | Particulate Matter | Bi-weekly opacity observations |
| AA-010 AA-040 AA-050 | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a). | 5.B.2 | | Good Work Practices |
| AA-010 AA-040 AA-050 | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. R.2.2.B(10) | 5.B.3 | VOCs, HAPs | Record Monthly Dry Lumber Production |
| | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2., R.6.3.A(3)(a). | 5.B.4 | Fuel Restriction | Record Monthly Fuel Type and Amount |
| AA-052 | 40 CFR 60.4243(b)(1) | 5.B.5 | NOx + HC, CO | Comply by purchasing certified engine or conducting performance test |
| | 40 CFR 60.4245(a) | 5.B.6 | | Recordkeeping |
| | 40 CFR 60.4245(b), Subpart JJJJ, and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2) | 5.B.7 | | Install non-resettable hour meter and record hours of operation and reason for operation |

5.B.1 For Emission Points AA-011, AA-021, A-031, AA-041 and, AA-051, the permittee shall have a certified visible emission evaluation (VEE) reader perform visible emission observation once within a two-week period for each of the emission points. If visible emissions are detected, which appear to be in excess of 40%, a certified visible emission evaluation (VEE) reader shall perform visible emission evaluation (VEE) using EPA Reference Method 9. If a VEE is performed using EPA Reference Method 9, then the observation period shall consist of a minimum of eighteen (18) consecutive minutes; However, if the visible emissions after a period of six (6) minutes are determined to be less than 10% opacity, then the reader can elect to discontinue doing the VEE. If VEE readings cannot be taken using EPA Reference Method 9, the permittee shall note these conditions in the record and provide an explanation of why it was not possible to perform them. Results for each of the observations shall be recorded and kept onsite from the most recent three years for inspection by MDEQ personnel. The records from the remaining two years may be kept offsite and must be available upon request.

(Ref. 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)).

5.B.2 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, the permittee shall use Good Work Practices. This includes regularly scheduled maintenance on the kiln and internal kiln monitoring to minimize over-drying of lumber in accordance with the facility's operations and maintenance manual. Records shall be kept which demonstrate that Good Work Practices have been utilized in the operation of the kiln.

(Ref. 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)).

5.B.3 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, the permittee shall record the amount of lumber dried in each kiln per month expressed in MMBF/month and the annual total combined throughput for the three kilns expressed in MMBF/year as a rolling 12-month total. These records shall be maintained on site for at least five (5) years and shall be made available upon request to Office of Pollution Control personnel.

(Ref. 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt.2. R.6.3.A(3)(a)).

5.B.4 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050, keep records of monthly fuel use by each kiln, including the types of fuel and amount used.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin Code Pt. 2 R.6.3.A(3)(b)(2))

5.B.5 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the emission standards specified in 40 CFR 60.4233(d) according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this condition:

- (a) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in 40 CFR Subpart JJJJ, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in 40 CFR 60.4243(a). If the permittee operates and maintains the certified engine according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, compliance may be demonstrated by keeping records of conducted maintenance, and no performance testing is required. If the permittee does not operate and maintain the certified engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine, and the permittee must demonstrate compliance according to 40 CFR 60.4243(a)(2)(iii).
- (b) Purchasing a non-certified engine and demonstrating compliance with the emission standards specified in 40 CFR 60.4233(d) and according to the requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.4244, as applicable, and according to the following:
 - (1) The permittee must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, the permittee must conduct an initial performance test to demonstrate compliance.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4243(b)(1), Subpart JJJJ.)

5.B.6 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall keep records of the following:

- (a) All notifications submitted to comply with Subpart JJJJ and all documentation supporting any notification.
- (b) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (c) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 90, 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (d) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to 40 CFR 60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4245(a), Subpart JJJJ.)

5.B.7 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter and shall keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee must document how many hours are spent for

emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4245(b) and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

C. Specific Reporting Requirements

| Emission Point(s) | Applicable Requirement | Condition Number | Reporting Requirement |
|---------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------|
| All Emission Points | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. R.2.B(10) | 5.C.1 | Opacity, Dry Lumber Production |
| AA-052 | 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B.(11) | 5.C.2 | Hours of Operation |

5.C.1 The permittee shall submit a semi-annual report summarizing:

- a) A summary of all opacity observations that resulted in a Method 9 observation as well as the results of the Method 9 tests.
- b) the total amount of lumber dried each month and the total for each rolling twelve (12) month period, for Emission Points AA-010, AA-040 and AA-050 combined.
- c) The VOC emission rate in tons per year, calculated on a monthly basis, and 12 month rolling total. The amount of lumber dried and the emission factor listed in Section 3 of this permit shall be used to calculate these emissions.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. R.2.B(10))

5.C.2 For Emission Point AA-052, the permittee shall submit an semi-annual report that summarizes the hours of operation for the engine no later than January 31st and July 31st of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period. The report shall document how many hours were spent for every instance of an emergency operation, what classified each occasion as an emergency, how many hours were spent for non-emergency operation, and the circumstance(s) for each instance of non-emergency operation.

The semi-annual reporting period shall be from January 1 to June 30 and July 1 to December 31. The report shall be submitted no later than January 31 and July 31 for the previous six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.6.2.E.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B.(11).)

SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

6.1 None permitted.

SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <http://www.ecfr.gov/> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A – Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B – Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E – The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
 - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
 - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
 - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F – Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
 - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
 - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
 - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations,

persons selling class I or class II refrigerants or offering class I or class II refrigerants for sale, and persons purchasing class I or class II refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G – Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H – Halon Emissions Reduction:
- (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
 - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
 - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
 - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

APPENDIX A

List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit

| | |
|--|---|
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1. | Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control of Air Contaminants |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. | Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. Episodes | Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 4. | Ambient Air Quality Standards |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. | Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. | Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act |
| 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7. | Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act |
| BACT | Best Available Control Technology |
| CEM | Continuous Emission Monitor |
| CEMS | Continuous Emission Monitoring System |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| CO | Carbon Monoxide |
| COM | Continuous Opacity Monitor |
| COMS | Continuous Opacity Monitoring System |
| DEQ | Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality |
| EPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| gr/dscf | Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot |
| HP | Horsepower |
| HAP | Hazardous Air Pollutant |
| lbs/hr | Pounds per Hour |
| M or K | Thousand |
| MACT | Maximum Achievable Control Technology |
| MM | Million |
| MMBTUH | Million British Thermal Units per Hour |
| NA | Not Applicable |
| NAAQS | National Ambient Air Quality Standards |
| NESHAP | National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR 61 or National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR 63 |
| NM VOC | Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds |
| NO _x | Nitrogen Oxides |
| NSPS | New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60 |
| O&M | Operation and Maintenance |
| PM | Particulate Matter |
| PM ₁₀ | Particulate Matter less than 10 µm in diameter |
| ppm | Parts per Million |
| PSD | Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52 |
| SIP | State Implementation Plan |
| SO ₂ | Sulfur Dioxide |
| TPY | Tons per Year |
| TRS | Total Reduced Sulfur |
| VEE | Visible Emissions Evaluation |
| VHAP | Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compound |